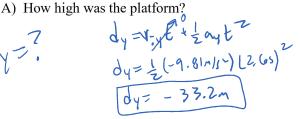
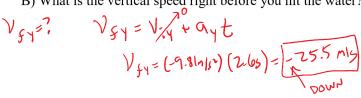
6. You take a running horizontal leap off a high-diving platform. You were running at 2.80 m/s and hit the water 2.60 s later.

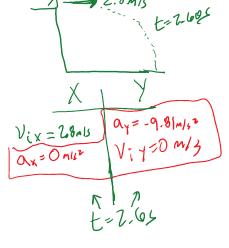


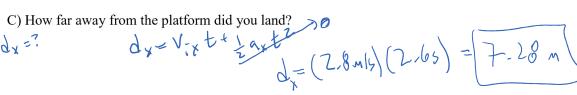
8:24 AM



B) What is the vertical speed right before you hit the water?

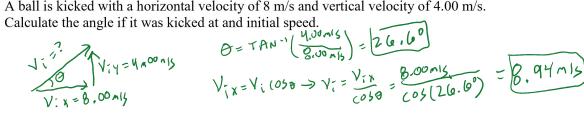






II. Vector Components (Hint: Sketch a right triangle and label the sides)

- 1. A projectile if fired with a velocity of 30.0 m/s at 60.0 degrees. Calculate the horizontal I initial speeds. $\gamma_{1x} = \gamma_{1000} = (30.03)(0.060.00) = (15.0 m/s)$ $\gamma_{1x} = \gamma_{1000} = (30.03)(0.060.00) = (30.04)$ $\gamma_{1x} = \gamma_{1000} = (30.03)(0.00) = (30.04)$ and vertical initial speeds.
- 2. A ball is kicked with a horizontal velocity of 8 m/s and vertical velocity of 4.00 m/s.



3. A cannon is fired at an angle of 35.0 degrees. If the horizontal component of its initial speed of 180. m/s, calculate the cannon's initial speed.

$$V_{1} = V_{1} (050)$$

$$V_{1} = \frac{V_{1} \times 1000}{(03.35.6)} = 270.015$$

4. A pumpkin is fired with an initial velocity of 120. m/s, at an angle theta above the horizontal. What is the angle theta if the pumpkin's initial horizontal speed is 55.0 m/s?

